

Safety precautions

- ⚠ Pressure / differential pressure transmitter should be installed by professional engineers or qualified technical personnel, product specifications and important information provided on the label should be carefully read before installation and wiring operations.
- ⚠ Pressure / differential pressure transmitter is powered by an external power supply, the power supply circuit should comply with energy-limiting circuit by relevant standards, and pay attention to the high voltage circuits there may exist.
- ⚠ The maximum static pressure overload has been stated on the product label, the process maximum pressure should not exceed the full span of sensor.
- ⚠ Using pressure / differential pressure transmitter in hazardous areas, installation, use and maintenance should also comply with the operation manual and relevant requirements of national standards.
- ⚠ Attention please! Disassemble the instruments under the condition of

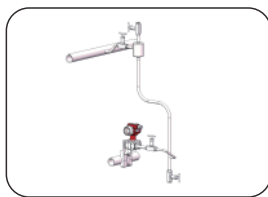
Product usage

Pipeline pressure measurement-pressure transmitter



For high-temperature steam measuring, more than half-tube cooling water should be pre-injected in the condenser. After the steam pipes are stable, slowly open the shut-off valve to start measuring.

Pipeline pressure measurement-differential pressure transmitter



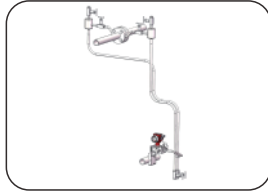
For high-temperature steam measuring, cooling water should be pre-injected into the guided pipe. After the steam pipes are stable, slowly open the shut-off valve to start measuring.

Differential pressure measurement



Differential pressure transmitter is used for differential pressure measuring, especially suitable for micro pressure measurement of hydrostatic pressure such as filter and equipment leakage test and improving accuracy.

Steam flow measurement



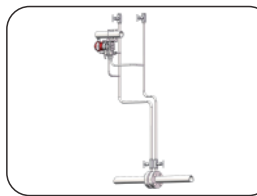
Guiding pressure tube up tilt 45°, the installation location should be lower than the process pipeline. Isolation tank and multiple shut-off valves should be increased, cooling liquid should pre-injected into the guiding pressure tube, and open the drain/vent valve periodically, clear the residual gas and liquid in the guiding pressure tube to ensure accuracy.

Liquid flow measurement



Guiding pressure tube tilt down 45°, the installation location should be lower than the process pipeline. Isolation tank and multiple shut-off valves should be increased, open the drain/vent valve periodically, clear the residual gas and liquid in the guiding pressure tube to ensure accuracy.

Air flow measurement



Guiding pressure tube up tilt 45°, the installation location should be lower than the process pipeline. Isolation tank and multiple shut-off valves should be increased, open the drain/vent valve periodically, clear the residual gas and liquid in the guiding pressure tube to ensure accuracy.

Sealed container level measurement



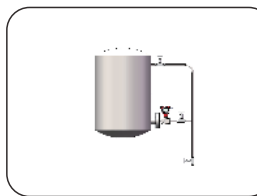
For sealed container level measurement, isolation tank and multiple shut-off valves should be increased, open the drain/vent valve periodically, clear the residual gas and liquid in the guiding pressure tube to ensure accuracy.

Open container level measurement-single flange level transmitter



For open container level measurement, media compatibility should be considered, install on location where the liquid level and temperature changes stably to improve accuracy.

Sealed container level measurement-single flange level transmitter

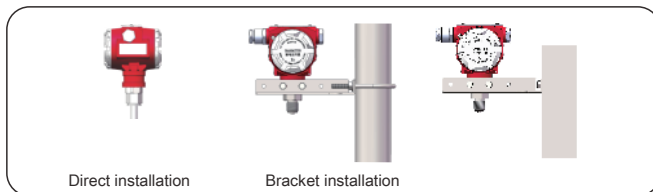


Single flange diaphragm system used for sealed container level measurement, Isolation tank and multiple shut-off valves should be increased, open the drain/vent valve periodically, clear the residual gas and liquid in the guiding pressure tube to ensure accuracy.

⚠ Media in process pipeline or guiding pressure tube may be effected by the surrounding environment, and may freeze. So anti-freezing measurements are needed.

Install pressure transmitter

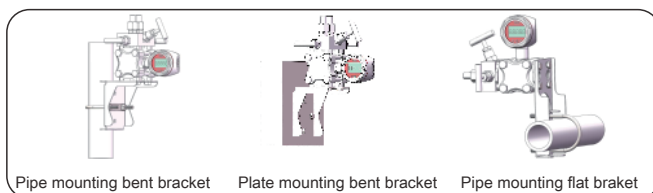
Pressure transmitter- Installation



Direct installation

Bracket installation

Differential pressure transmitter-bracket installation



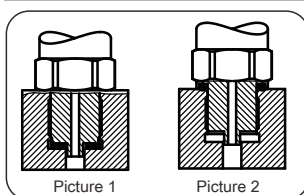
Pipe mounting bent bracket

Plate mounting bent bracket

Pipe mounting flat bracket

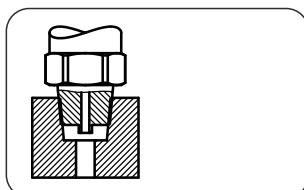
Process connection

Straight thread connection



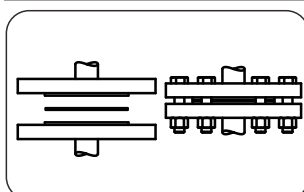
Picture 1: The length of pressure transmitter thread should be longer than the depth of the thread to ensure the seal of head face gasket is effective.
Picture 2: The length of pressure transmitter thread should be shorter than the depth of the thread to ensure the seal of root gasket is effective.

Taper thread connection



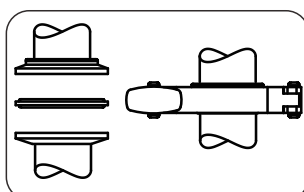
Sealing with teflon tape or sealant glue. When thread lock hard, there is a small part space.

Flange connection



Choose gasket according to medium features and temperature range, pay attention to the bolt balance lock.

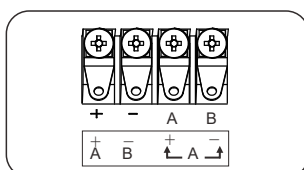
Clamp connection



Choose gaskets which meet the health standards, to avoid excessive locking clamp and squeeze gasket and diaphragm and cause measuring error.

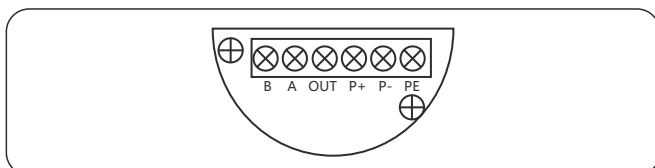
Electrical connection

Module terminals- four terminals



Label	Two wires	Three wires	Four wires
+	Power+	Power+	Power+
-	Power-	Power-	Power-
A		Signal+	Signal+
B			Signal-

Module terminals- six terminals Only for Modbus-RTU/RS485

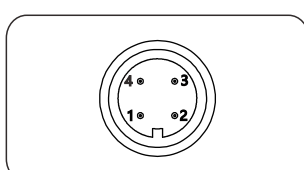


Label	P+	P-	A	B	OUT	**PE
Modbus-RTU/RS485	Power+	Power-	A+	B-		Housing
Five wires	Power+	Power-	A+	B-	*Signal+	Housing ground

*Signal: 4-20mA

**PE: Housing ground terminals, please operate according to users' demands.

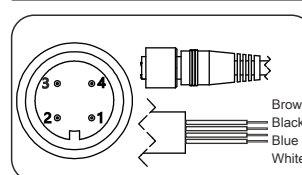
Aviation plug(M12*1 - 4 pins)



Label	Two wires	Three wires	Four wires	Modbus-TRU/RS485
1	Power+	Power+	Power+	Power+
2			Signal-	B-
3		Signal+	Signal+	A+
4	Power-	Power-	Power-	Power-

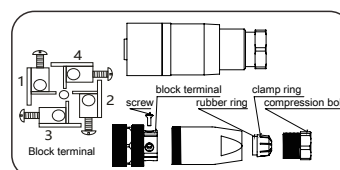
Electrical connection accessories

Aviation plug (with cable)



Label	Two wires	Three wires	Four wires	Modbus-TRU/RS485
1/brown	Power+	Power+	Power+	Power+
2/white			Signal-	B-
3/blue		Signal+	Signal+	A+
4/black	Power-	Power-	Power-	Power-

Aviation plug (without cable)

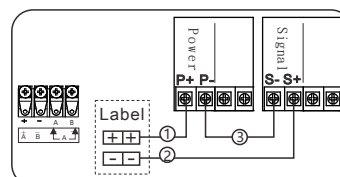


Label	Two wires	Three wires	Four wires	Modbus-TRU/RS485
1	Power+	Power+	Power+	Power+
2			Signal-	B-
3		Signal+	Signal+	A+
4	Power-	Power-	Power-	Power-

⚠ Please refer to the label for specific signal outline type.

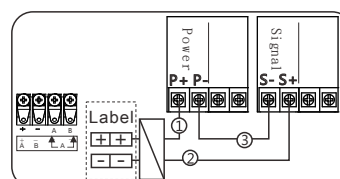
Signal connection

4-20mA two wires(module terminals-four terminals)



- ① Power supply+ is connected with transmitter terminals+
- ② Signal+ is connected with transmitter terminals-
- ③ Signal- is connected with power supply-

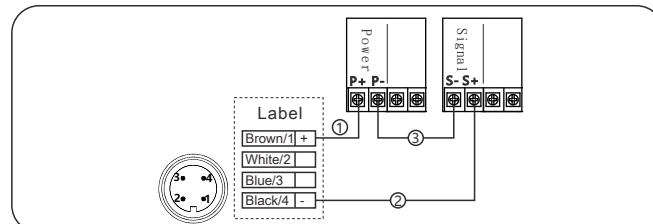
4-20mA two wires, intrinsic safety(module terminals-four terminals)



- ① Power supply+ is connected with transmitter terminals+
- ② Signal+ is connected with transmitter terminals-
- ③ Signal- is connected with power supply-

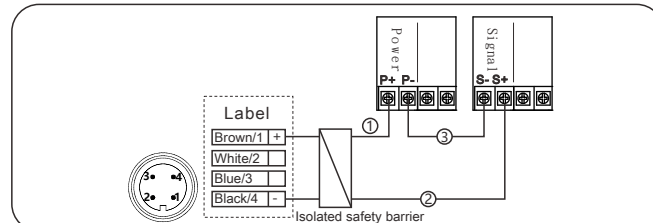
⚠ Please note that the wiring should refer to the installation information provided by the safety barrier manufacturer.

4-20mA two wires (aviation plug with cable)



- ① Power supply+ is connected with transmitter terminal 1/brown cable
- ② Signal+ is connected with transmitter terminals 4/black cable
- ③ Signal- is connected with power supply-

4-20mA two wires, intrinsic safety(aviation plug with cable)



- ① Power supply+ is connected with transmitter terminal 1/brown cable
- ② Signal+ is connected with transmitter terminals 4/black cable
- ③ Signal- is connected with power supply-

⚠ Please note that the wiring should refer to the installation information provided by the safety barrier manufacturer.

Power supply

Independent linear direct current power supply is suggested to be adopted for the power supply of pressure transmitter, over large resistive load will result in a large pressure drop, so it requires to calculate the all-in resistance of signal cable, display meter and other record and display equipment, to ensure the voltage provided to the pressure transmitter accord with normal operating requirements.

- Standard current signal output: 12-30VDC,
- Current signal output with HART: 16.5-55VDC,
- Current signal output with intrinsic safety : 12-30VDC,

Grounding

- Shielded twisted pair signal cable is the best, in order to avoid ground loops, Shielded layer adopts single-grounding, insulated floating at the side of pressure transmitter, and grounding at the control cabinet.
- Transient built-in module is only valid in the case of well-grounded, stainless

Cable protection system

Standard protection system



In order to avoid the liquid flowing along with the cable to flow into the terminal box or result in waterproof joint effusion, an U-shaped ring needs to be configured between pull box and pressure transmitter as the picture shows, and please ensure the U-shaped bottom is under the pressure transmitter. Considering the maintenance

Explosion-proof tube protection system



⚠ Using explosion-proof pressure transmitters in dangerous situations, metal explosion-proof tube should be used to connect the cable into the threading box, and lead to safe zone.

Intrinsic safety type

⚠ When choose intrinsic safety pressure transmitter, as the power, signal connection, grounding and transient solutions are different provided by the intrinsic safety and isolated safety barrier suppliers, please pay attention to the connection of signal line.

Field adjustment



With LCD buttons, terminal box external buttons or software as HART protocol, it is convenient for range adjustment. For detailed operation, please refer to instructions of display, HART protocol and so on.

Zero point adjustment

- Please make an adjustment after installation because the mounting position will affect zero setting.
- The vessel is absolutely empty (No pressure or medium on the measuring diaphragm, the vessel connect to the atmospheric air)
- Power connection please refer to "Keys operation manual-keyboard shortcuts-PV=0"
- Please set PV=0 after three weeks of installation to ensure the best

⚠ Zero point adjustment is only available for gauge pressure transmitter

Full span adjustment

- Fill the vessel with medium (fill to the required level)
- The static pressure value should be within the minimum and the maximum pressure range.
- Power connection please refer to "Keys operation manual-keyboard

Factory resets

- Please refer to "Keys operation manual-keyboard shortcuts-factory resets"

Maintenance

Requires no maintenance

External cleaning

- Please notice the following when cleaning:
- Use washing agent which will not damage to the instruments
- Prevent the process diaphragm from mechanical damage, eg: the mechanical damage caused by sharp objects.
- Mechanical cleaning of metal diaphragm(technical and reference) is prohibited.

Transportation / storage

- Do not store at outside
- Keep dry and dust-free
- Do not expose to the corrosive medium
- Avoid solar radiation
- Avoid mechanical shock and vibration
- Storage temperature: -40~85°C

EMC statement

- EMC equipment instructions 2014/30/EU.
- CE mark suggests the instruments are in line with EU standards
- Users need to ensure the whole equipment conform to all the applicable

Retransport

- Keep clean of the pressure transmitter. Stay away from any dangerous medium!

Exceptions

- When measurement signal appears abnormal, please make sure whether it is the process pressure abnormal or measuring system error, or installation environment impact or pressure transmitter abnormal, then analyze the reasons and take corresponding measures.
- No signal output, process pressure changes but no corresponding output signal change or their changes do not correspond, the pressure transmitter may abnormal, it needs to check whether the power supply polarity or circuit cut, voltage, power and load resistance meets the normal working requirements, it also needs to check whether there is leakage and pressure impulse line blockage and shut-off valve does not open and so on.
- The output signal error is large or outside the normal range, it needs to check whether the supply voltage, power consumption, and load resistance meets the normal working requirements of pressure transmitters, measuring range settings, adjust the correct calibration. It also needs to check whether there is pressure leakage and guiding pressure tube blockage, shut-off valve does not open and whether is rapid temperature fluctuations in the

Depot repair

- Please finish the following steps before the depot repair:
 - Removal of all the residues which would be harmful to human health, such as inflammable, poisonous, cancerigenic and radioactive substances.
-  Do not return the instruments if can not ensure the dangerous residues are removed, eg: the dangerous residues permeate into cracks or spread to the

Discard disposal

- The instrument is not restrained of WEEE instruction 2002/96/EG and laws of relevant countries.
- Please pass the instrument to specialized recycling companies other than